

## Timing Belt Storage and Usage Guidelines

To ensure long-term performance and extend the service life of timing belts, please follow these storage and usage recommendations:

### 1. Avoid Severe Bending or Edge Pressure

Requirement: Do not forcefully bend the timing belt or press its edges.

Reason:

- Rubber timing belts contain fiberglass core wires, and excessive bending or pressure may cause them to break.

- Polyurethane timing belts should also avoid folding or extreme bending to prevent structural damage.

### 2. Proper Storage

- Requirement: Avoid storing timing belts in extreme heat, cold, or humid environments.

- Recommendation: \*\* Store in a well-ventilated, dry area with a moderate temperature (recommended: -30°C to 80°C) to prevent material aging or deformation.

### 3. Avoid Exposure to Harmful Substances

- Requirement: Prevent direct contact with oil, acids, alkalis, UV rays, or ozone during use.

- Solution:

- If exposure is unavoidable, install protective covers or take other isolation measures to shield the belt from damage.

Important Notes:

- Handle with care during storage—avoid heavy stacking or compression.

- Before installation, inspect the timing belt for any damage and ensure proper tension and meshing alignment.